Snow Processes for Cold Regions Prediction: Description and Scaling

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Snow Accumulation

- Blowing Snow Redistribution – parameterise inter-basin, intertile, intra-tile redistribution
- Intercepted Snow Redistribution – improve description of unloading, wind redistribution
- Snow Sublimation parameterise and evaluate model representation from blowing, intercepted, & surface snow.





Snowmelt

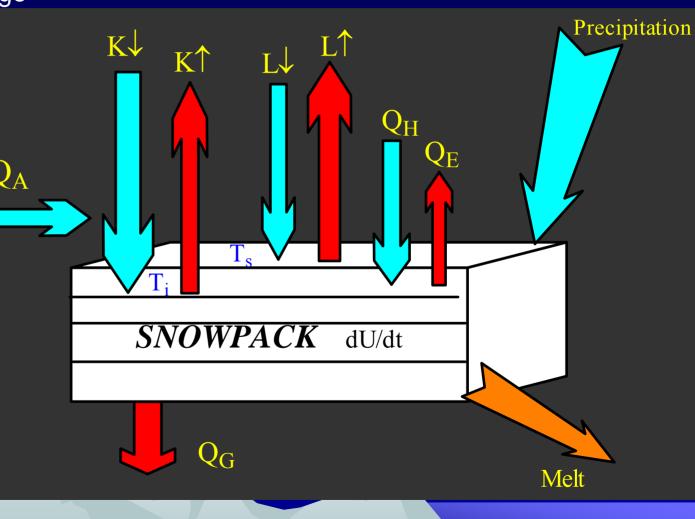
- Improved Methods to Estimate Short and Longwave Exchange
- Terrain Effects on
 Turbulent Transfer
- Forest Canopies radiation effects
- Combined Forest Canopy and Slope Effect on Energy Balance



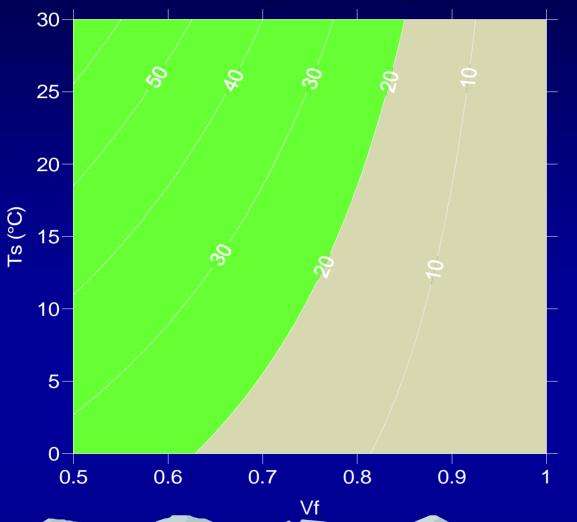
Snow - Atmosphere Exchange

- Longwave exchange
 at surface
- Shortwave penetration
- Windpumping through porous structure

- Polythermal
- Multiphase
- Macropores

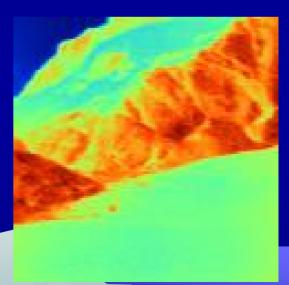


Incoming Longwave in Mountains

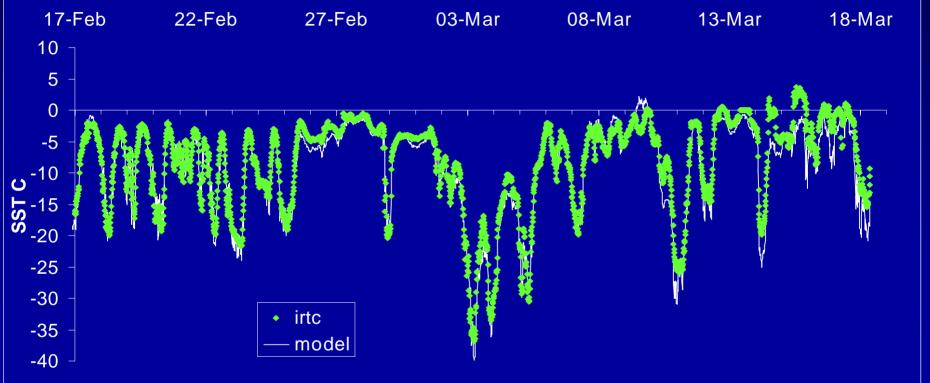


Percent increase in longwave irradiance due to terrain emission due to sky view factor (V_f) and surface temperature (T_s).

Air temperature is 0°C and the clear sky emissivity is 0.65

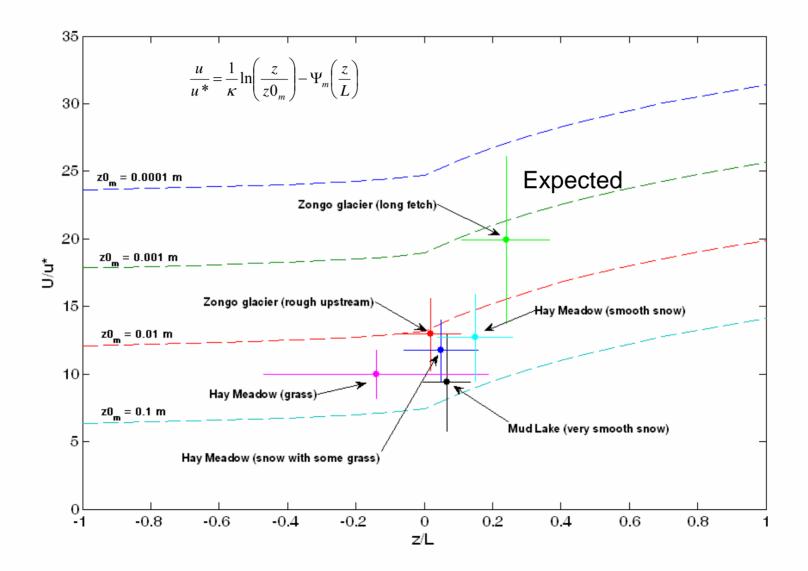


Psychrometric Outgoing Longwave Formulation for Snow



$$T_{s} = T_{a} + \frac{\varepsilon (LW \downarrow -\sigma T_{a}^{4}) + L[Q_{a} - Q_{sat}(T_{a}, P_{s})]\rho / r_{a}}{\varepsilon \sigma T_{a}^{3} + (c_{p} + L\Delta)\rho / r_{a}}$$

Roughness & Stability over Mountain Snow



Problems with Bulk Transfer over Mountain Snow 60 50 Measured Q_H 40 30 Bulk transfer Q_H $(z0_{m} = 0.001m)$ 20 10 0 61.5 62.5 63 -10 Measured Q_F

Flux (W/m^2)

-20

-30

-40

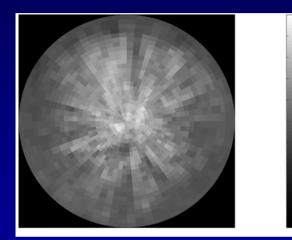
Day of Year

Bulk transfer Q_E (z0_m = 0.001m)



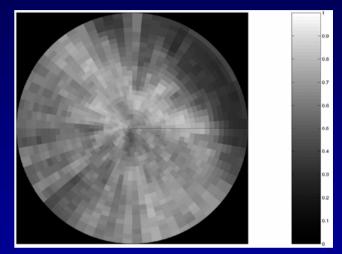
Slope Forest Transmissivity



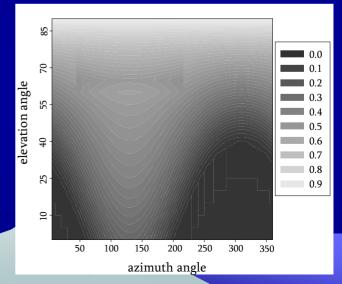


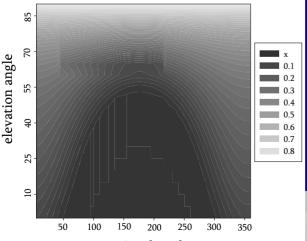
North Face Forest

τ a function of LAI, Foliage inclination Crown coverage Slope, Aspect, Solar azimuth, Solar elevation



South Face Forest

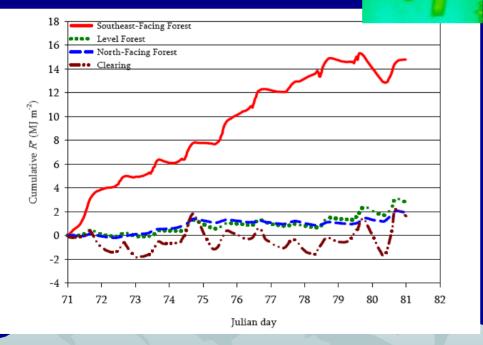




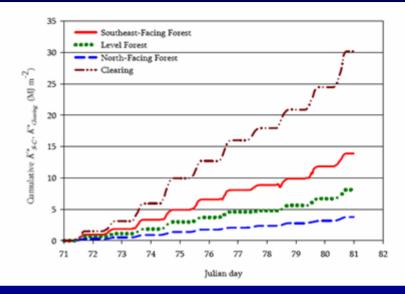
azimuth angle

Radiation to Snowmelt on 25° Forest Slopes, Marmot Creek Research Basin, Alberta

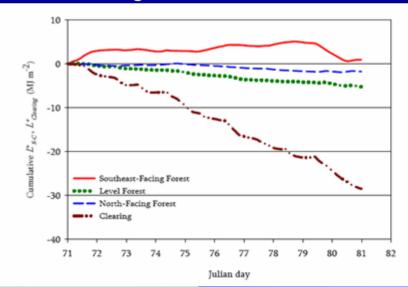
Net Allwave Radiation



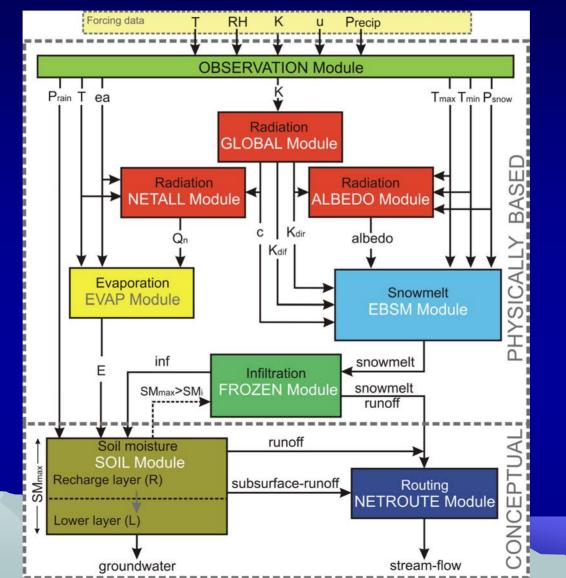
Net Shortwave Radiation



Net Longwave Radiation



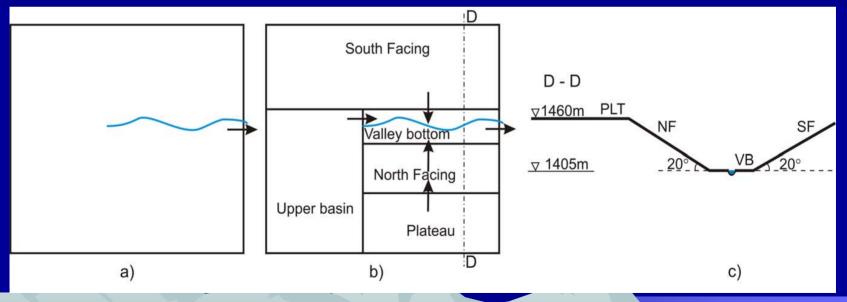
Cold Region Hydrological Model CRHM



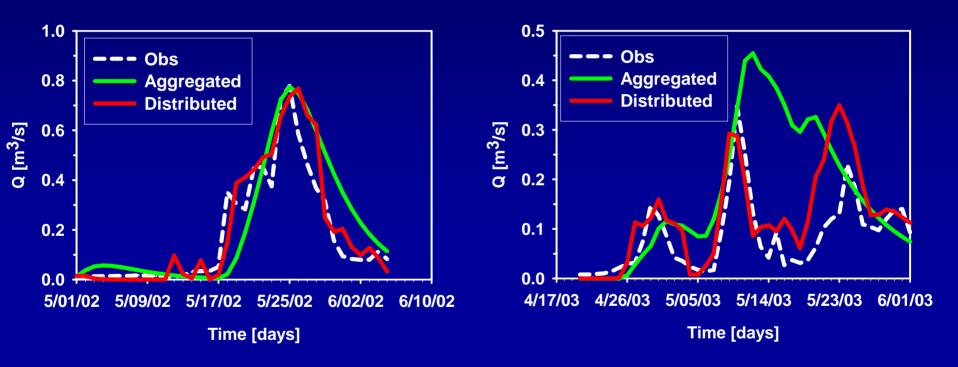
Modelling Approach



Aggregated vs. Distributed



Granger Creek Discharge



Next Steps

- Snow Unloading Study
- Blowing snow parameterisation for CLASS
- 3-D Blowing Snow unsteady flow
- Multi-layer snow atmosphere model
- Snow-atmosphere exchange parameterisation
- Complex Terrain Forest Melt Model
- Sub-grid distributions of accumulation, energy, melt for complex terrain
- CRHM basin modelling and interface to MESH