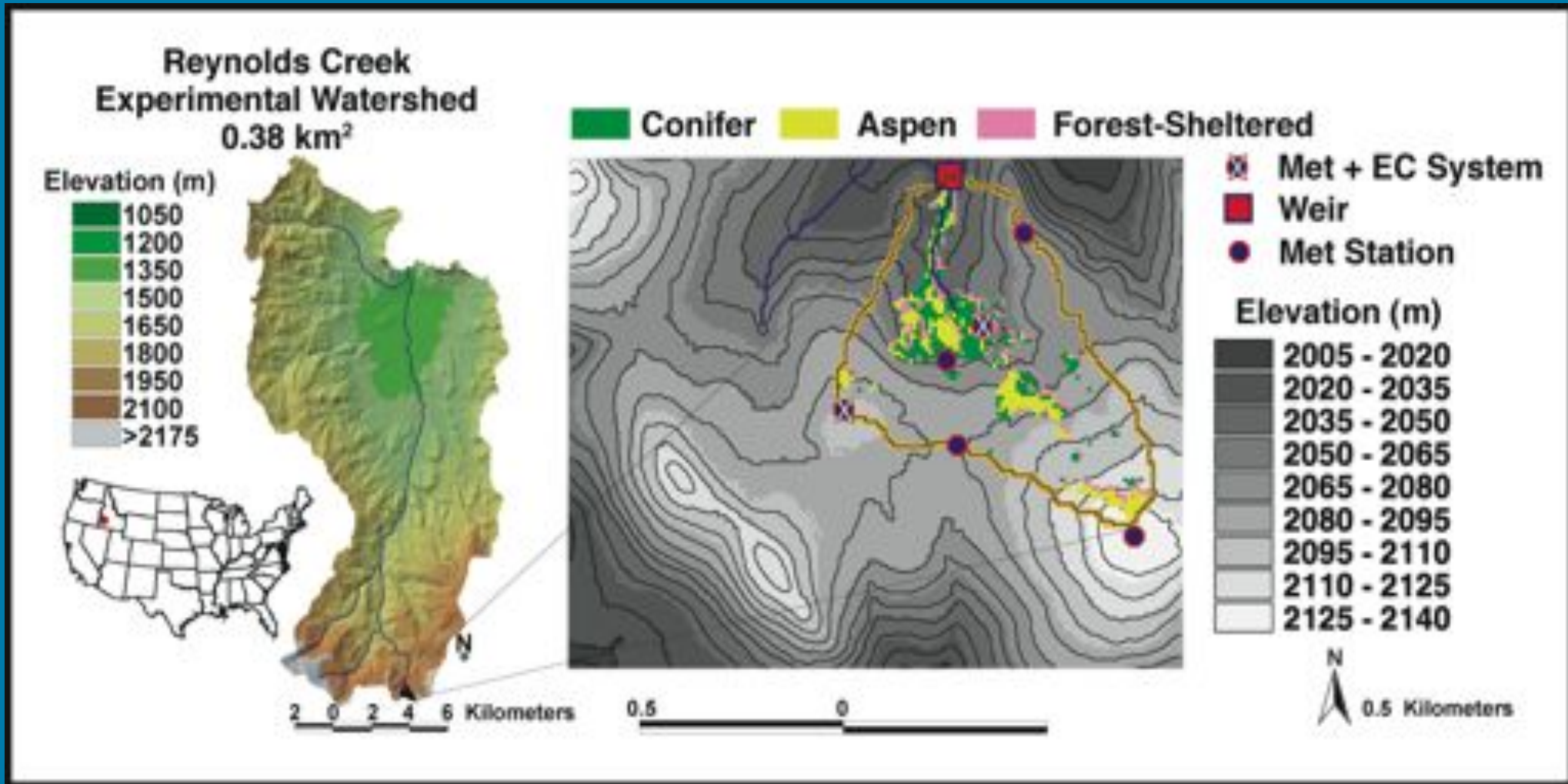


# **Synergistic Observations and Hydrologic Modeling over a Snow-Dominated Mountain Basin**

**DANNY MARKS, MUKESH KUMAR, MICHELE REBA,  
ADAM WINSTRAL & JEFF DOZIER**

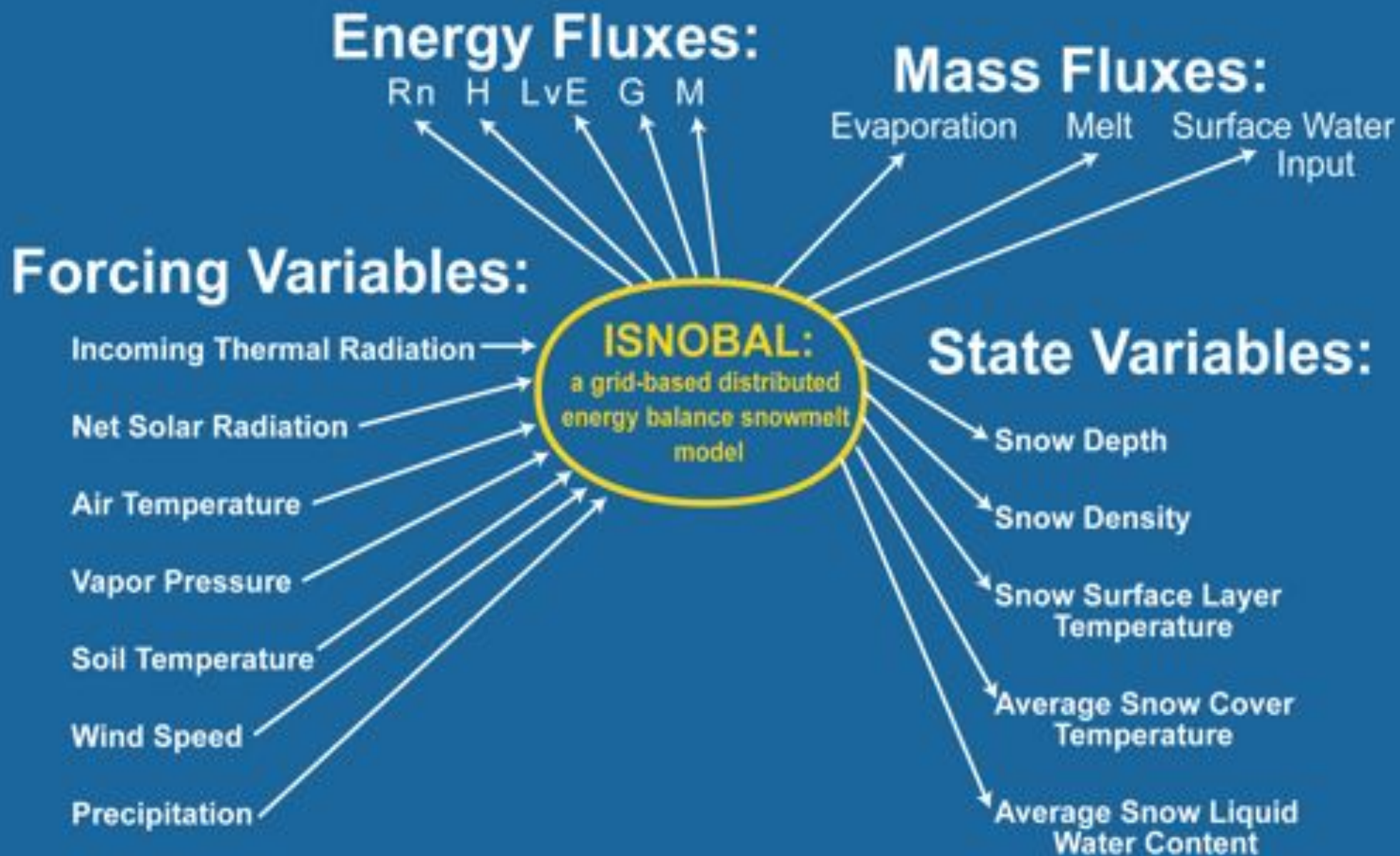
**Northwest Watershed Research Center  
USDA-Agricultural Research Service  
Boise, Idaho  
USA**

# Reynolds Mountain East Study Catchment (0.38 km<sup>2</sup>, 118 m relief)



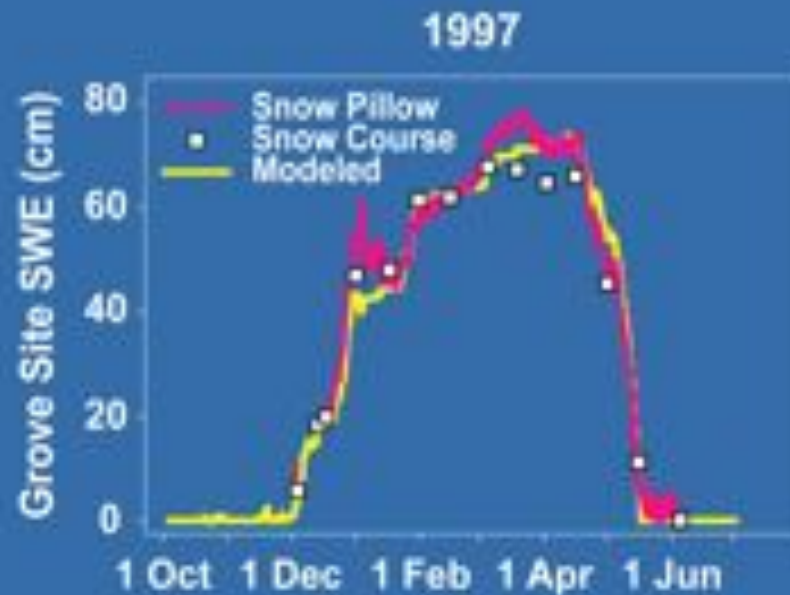
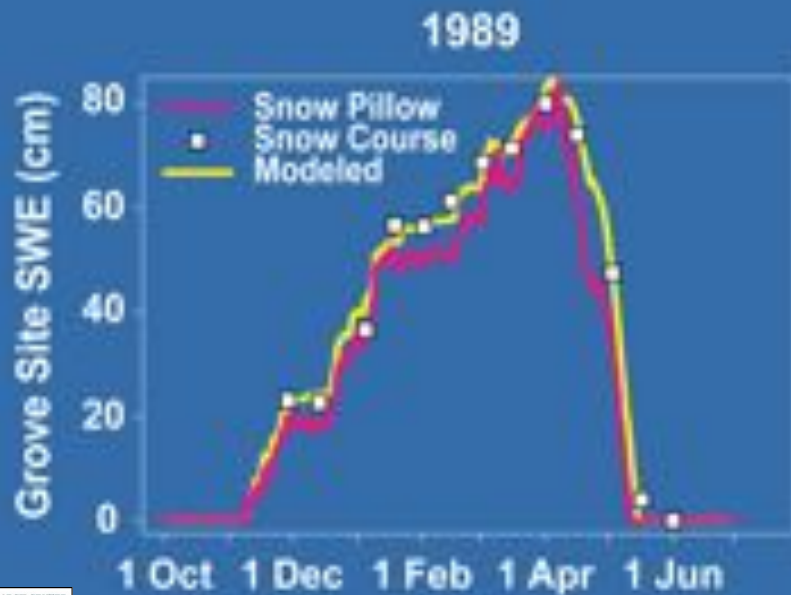
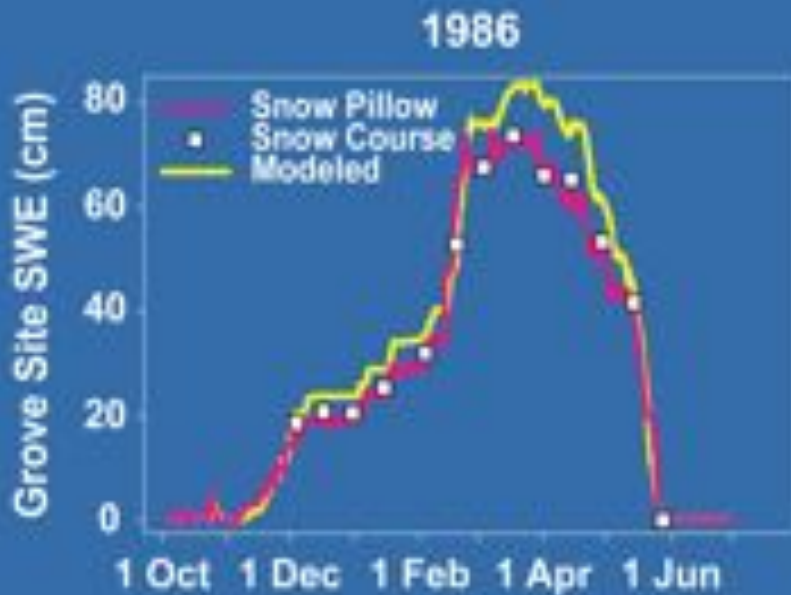
- 4 soil micro-climate sites
- 3 precipitation measurement sites
- 4 deep ground water wells

- 2-3 detailed snow surveys





# Validation: Modeled and Observed SWE (Point Comparison)



# 1986 Simulated Snow Distribution

Aerial  
Photos



0.5      0      0.5 Kilometers



Modeled  
SWE



Simulated SWE (cm)    0    0-25    25-50    50-75    75-100    100-150    150-200    200-300

# 1986 Simulated Snow Distribution

**Aerial  
Photos**

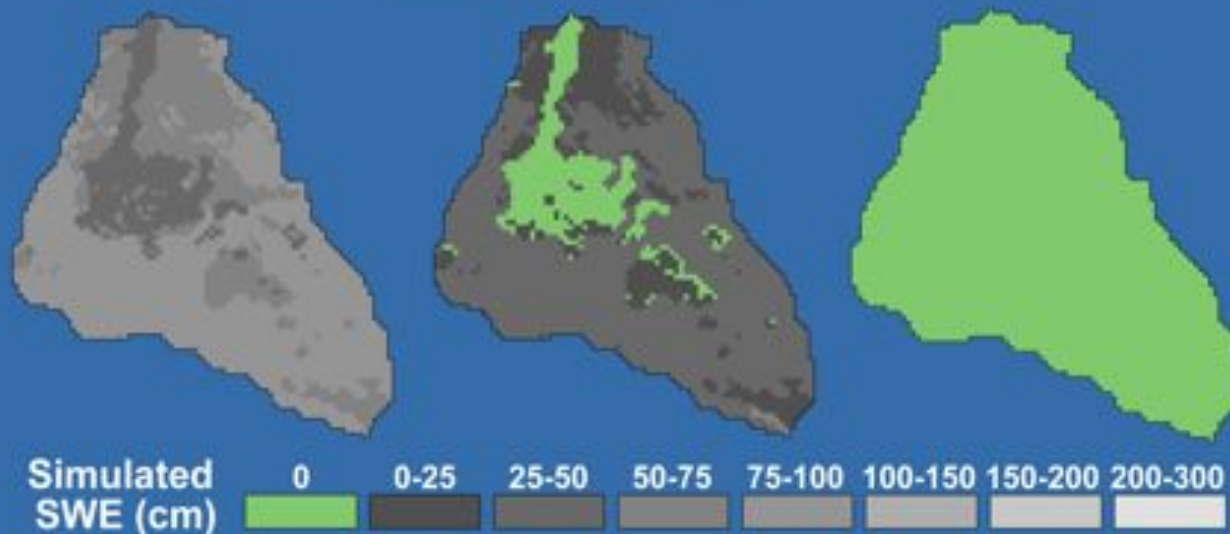


0.5      0      0.5 Kilometers



**Modeled  
SWE:**

*spatially constant  
wind and  
precipitation  
inputs*



# Four Snow Seasons Selected for Climate Change Scenario Simulation

1984: cold & wet (1221mm  $P_{cp}$ , 826mm SWE)

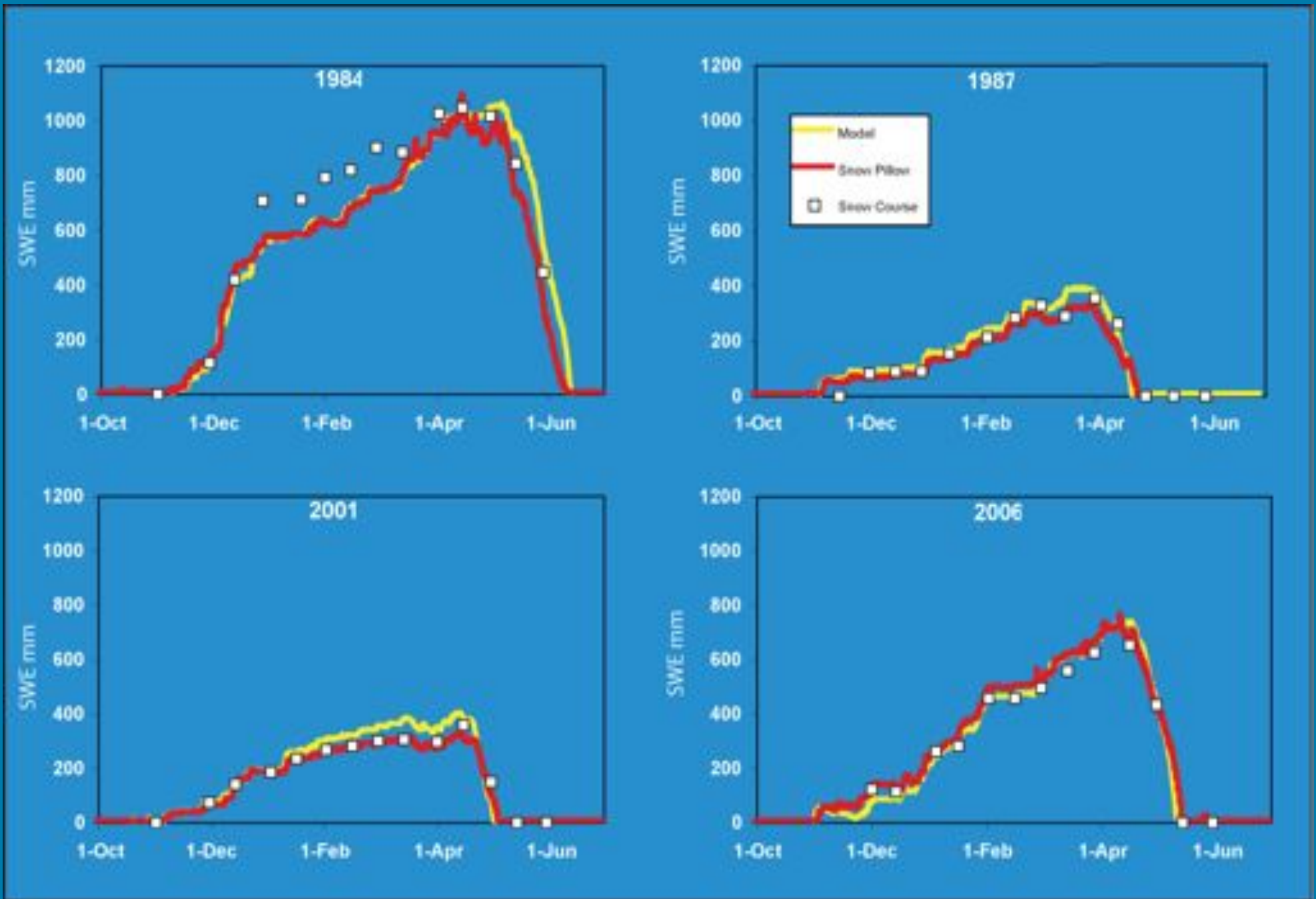
1987: warm & dry (652mm  $P_{cp}$ , 263mm SWE)

2001: cool & dry (685mm  $P_{cp}$ , 362mm SWE)

2006: warm & wet (1148mm  $P_{cp}$ , 622mm SWE)



# Validation: Modeled and Observed SWE (Point Comparison)





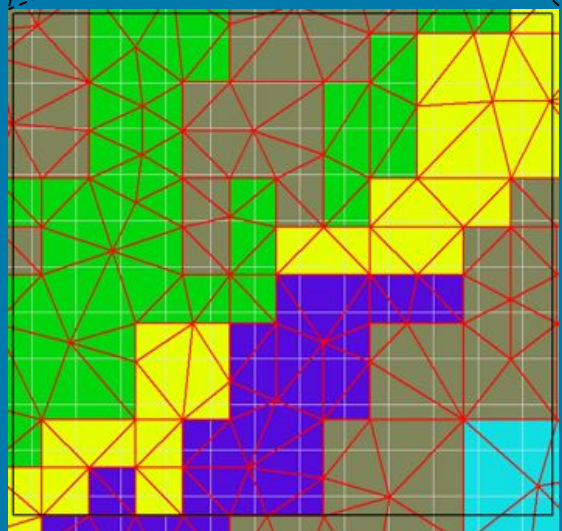
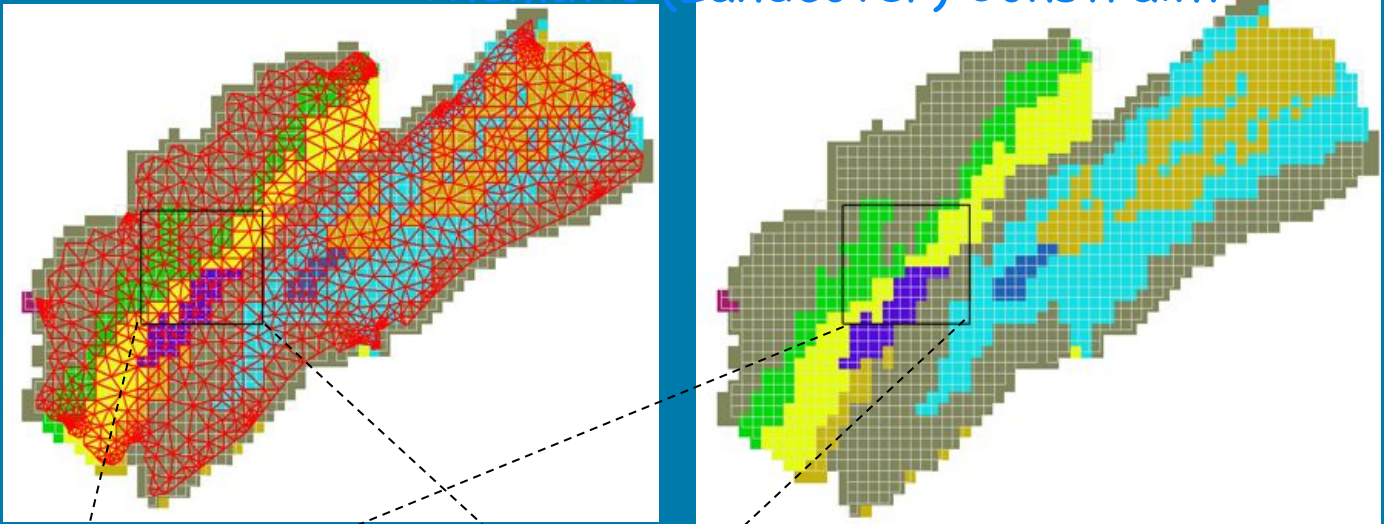
# If we put this snow model into a coherent, physics-based hydrology model would it improve our understanding of mountain hydrology?

- **Bed-rock to Boundary Layer ETRS strategy:**
  - Atmospheric, Vegetation & Snow processes
- **Atmospheric, Vegetation & Snow Processes**
- **Sub-Surface Processes:**
  - Unsaturated-zone (soil moisture)
  - Ground-water recharge & extraction
- **Flow routing & streamflow prediction**

We used the Penn St Integrated Hydrology model (PIHM) to investigate some of these questions

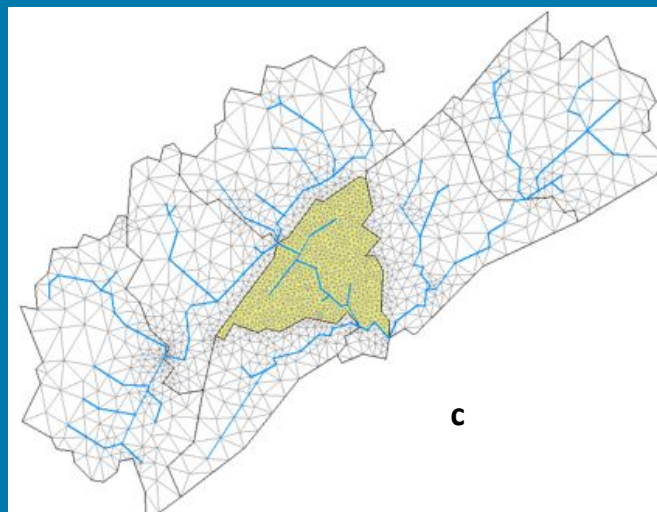
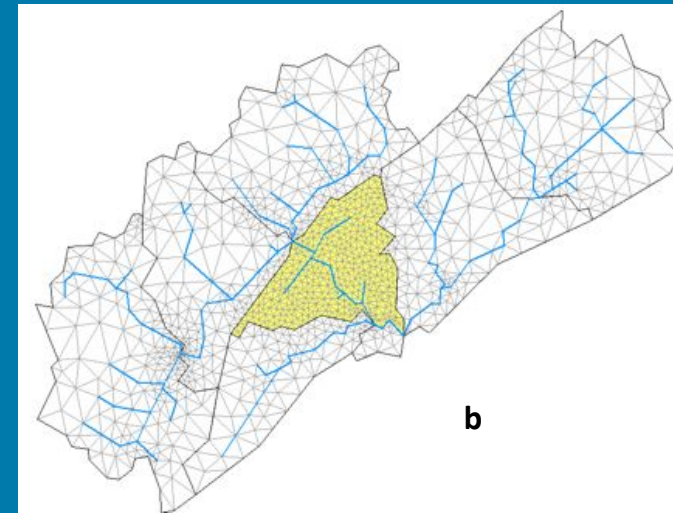
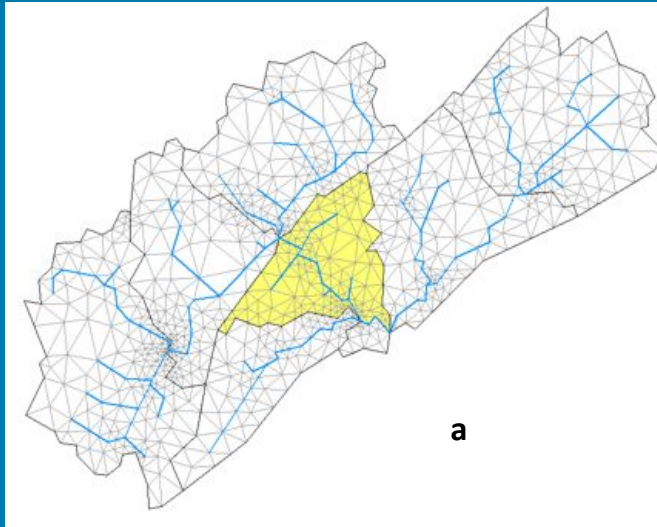
# Constrained Unstructured Mesh Decomposition Provides Additional Accuracy and Flexibility

Thematic (Landcover) Constraint



% of Structured grids that are mixed: 41.63  
% of Un-structured grids that are mixed: 0.0

# Constrained Unstructured Mesh Decomposition Provides Additional Accuracy and Flexibility



Maximum area of triangle in targeted nested zone in **(a)** : 2 sq. km

Maximum area of triangle in targeted nested zone in **(b)** : 0.2 sq km

Maximum area of triangle in targeted nested zone in **(c)** : 0.01 sq km

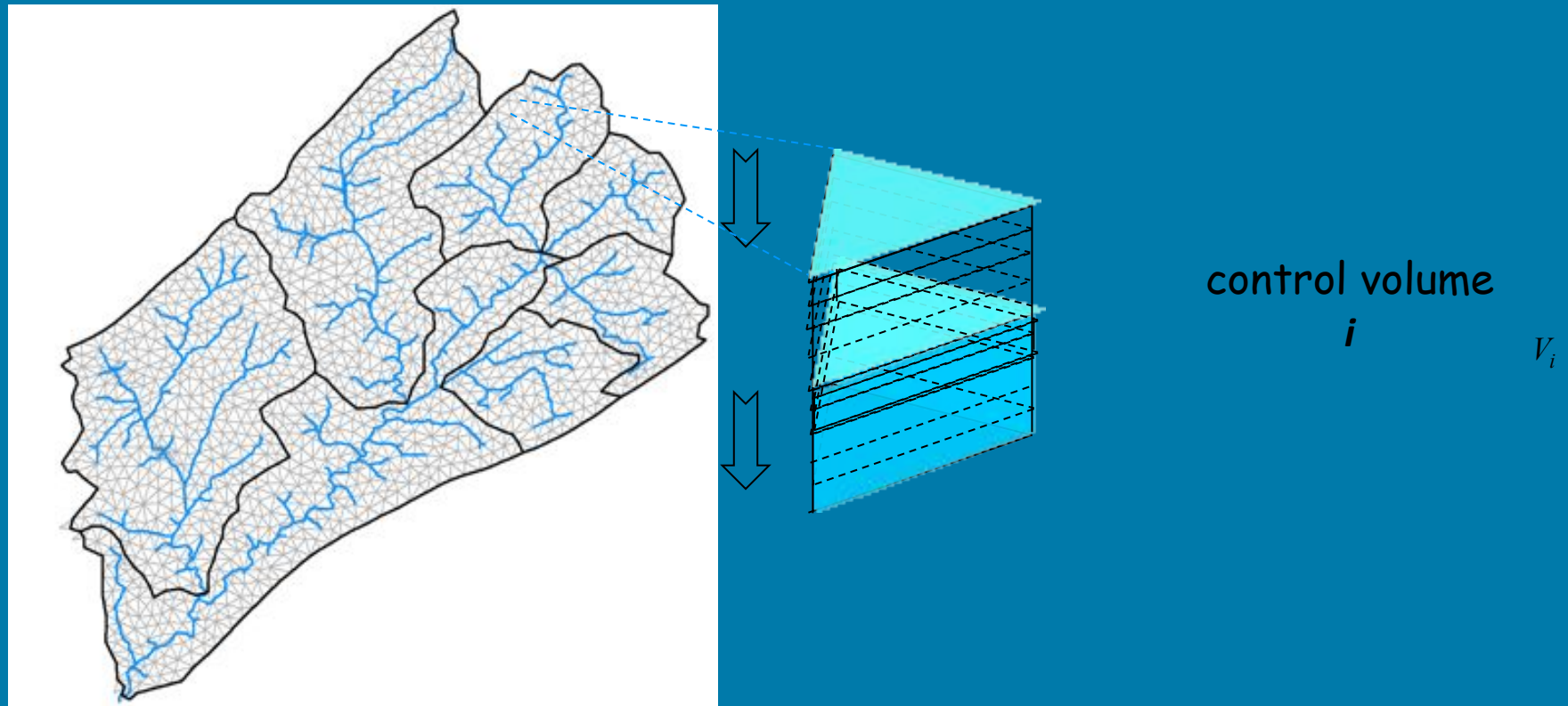
## Nested Decomposition



# Semi-Discrete **Finite Volume** Formulation of Conservation Equations

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (\phi U) + \nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) + Q_{SS}$$

where  $f \in \{y_o, y_g\}$  correspond to overland and subsurface head



Finite Volume Method ensures MASS BALANCE locally (in each control volume) and globally

# Semi-Discrete **Finite Volume** Formulation of Conservation Equations

$$\frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (\phi U) + \nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) + Q_{ss}$$

where  $f \in \{y_o, y_g\}$  correspond to overland and subsurface head

Integrating over control volume  $V_i$

$$\int_{V_i} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} dV = \int_{V_i} \nabla \cdot (\phi U) dV + \int_{V_i} \nabla \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) dV + \int_{V_i} Q_{ss} dV$$

Applying Gauss's Theorem

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{V_i} \phi dV = \int_{A_{ij}} \vec{n} \cdot (\phi U) dA + \int_{A_{ij}} \vec{n} \cdot (\Gamma \nabla \phi) dA + \int_{V_i} Q_{ss} dV$$

Semi-Discrete form

$$A_i \frac{d\bar{\psi}}{dt} = \sum_j \vec{n} \cdot \vec{C} A_{ij} + \sum_k \vec{n} \cdot \vec{D} A_{ik} + \bar{Q}_{ss} V_i$$

Volumetric Conservative  
Scalar  $\bar{\psi} \equiv \{\bar{\psi}_o, \bar{\psi}_g\}$

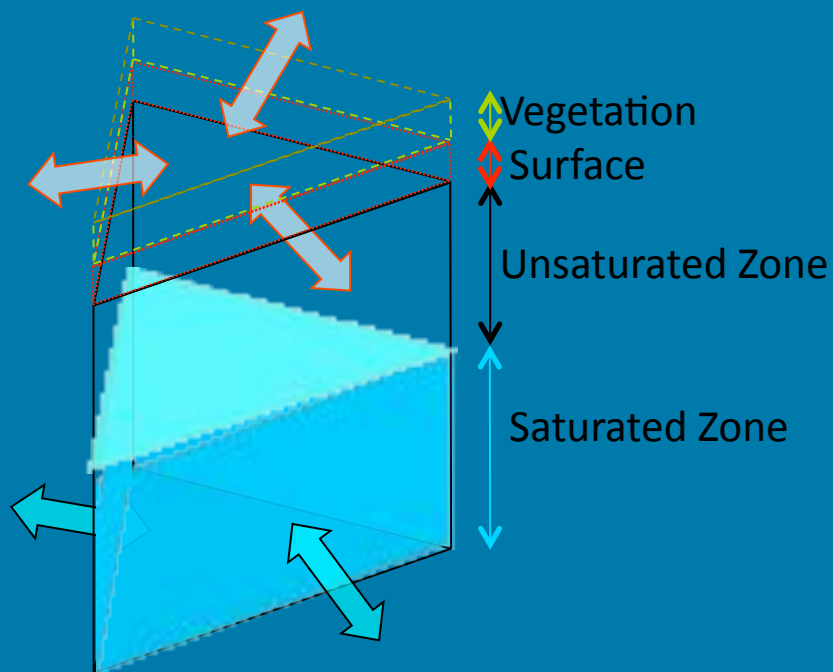
Normalized **Convective** and  
**Diffusive** Flux through  
control volume faces

Source/Sink Flux  
per unit volume

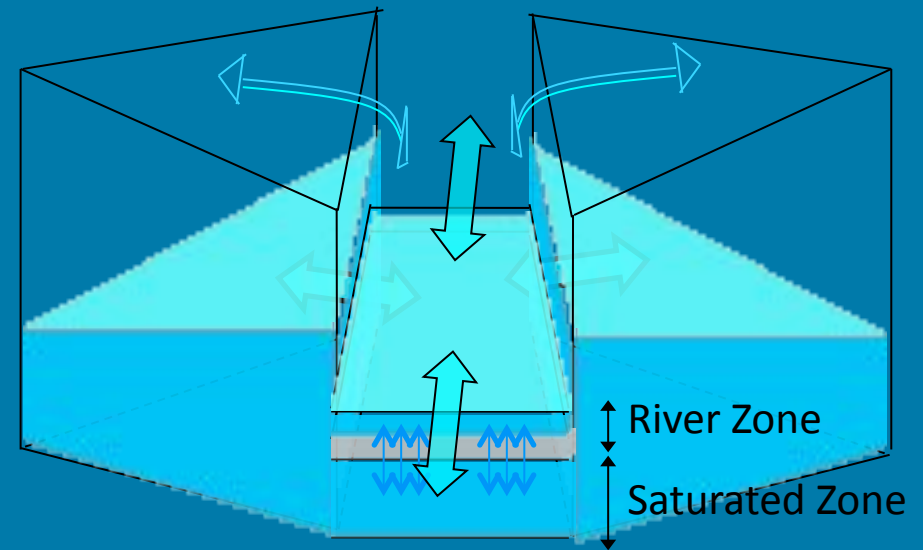
Finite Volume Method ensures **MASS BALANCE** locally (in each control volume) and globally

# Large Scale Model Application Formulation

## Control Volumes (Kernels) in PIHM



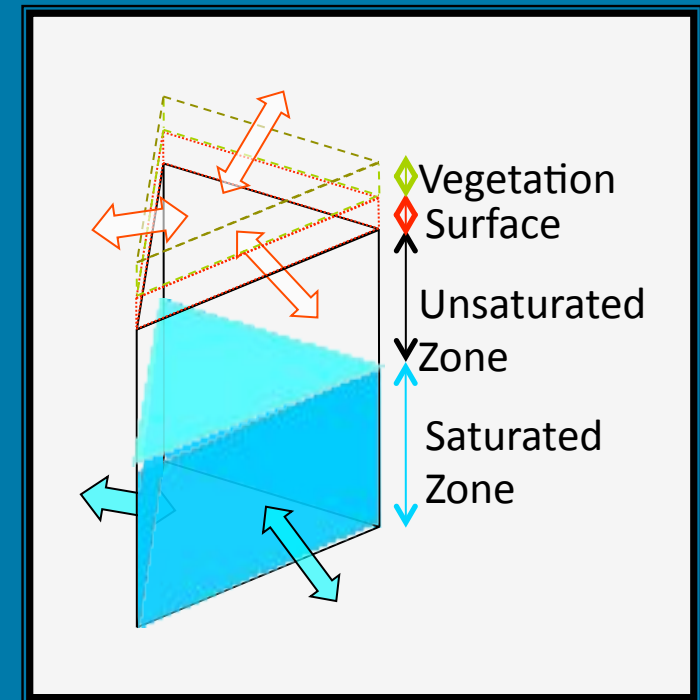
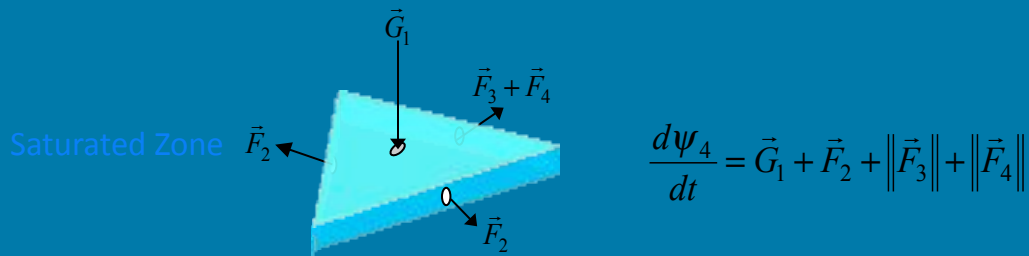
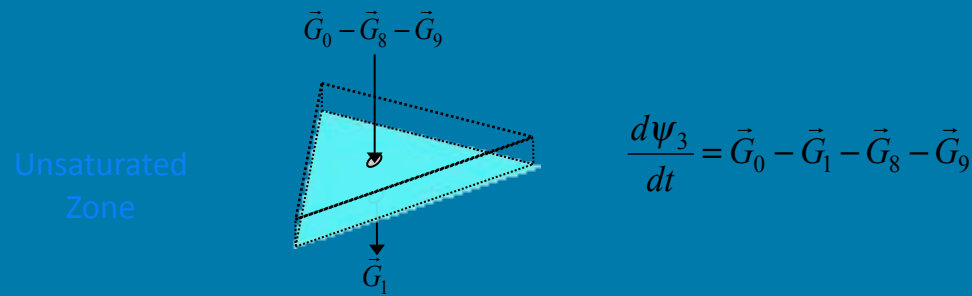
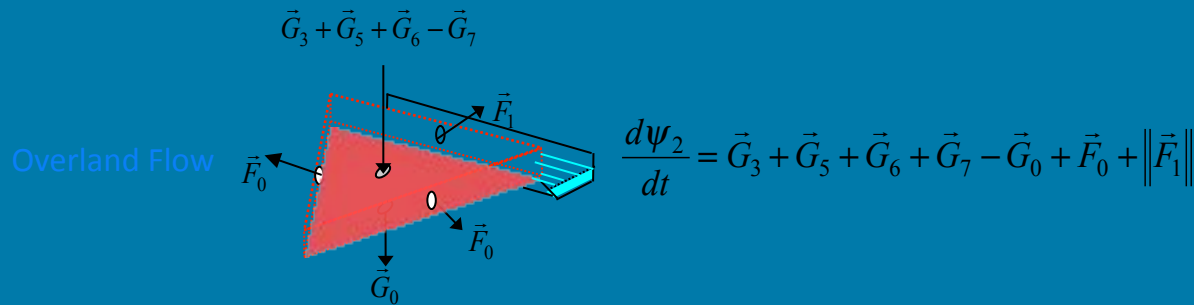
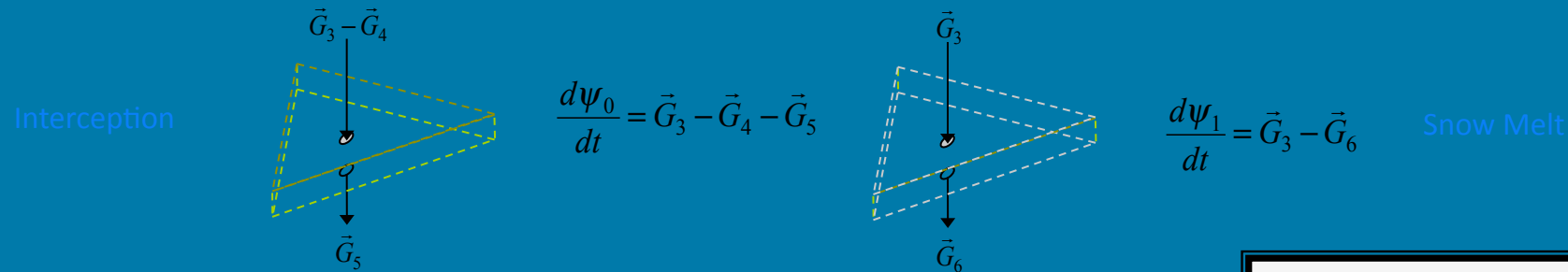
Prismatic Kernel



Linear Kernel



# Large Scale Model Application Formulation

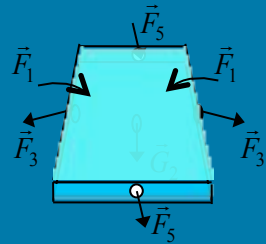


Prismatic Kernel

# Large Scale Model Application Formulation

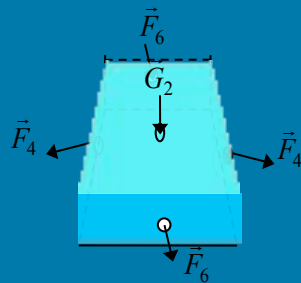
## Control Volumes (Kernels) in PIHM

Channel

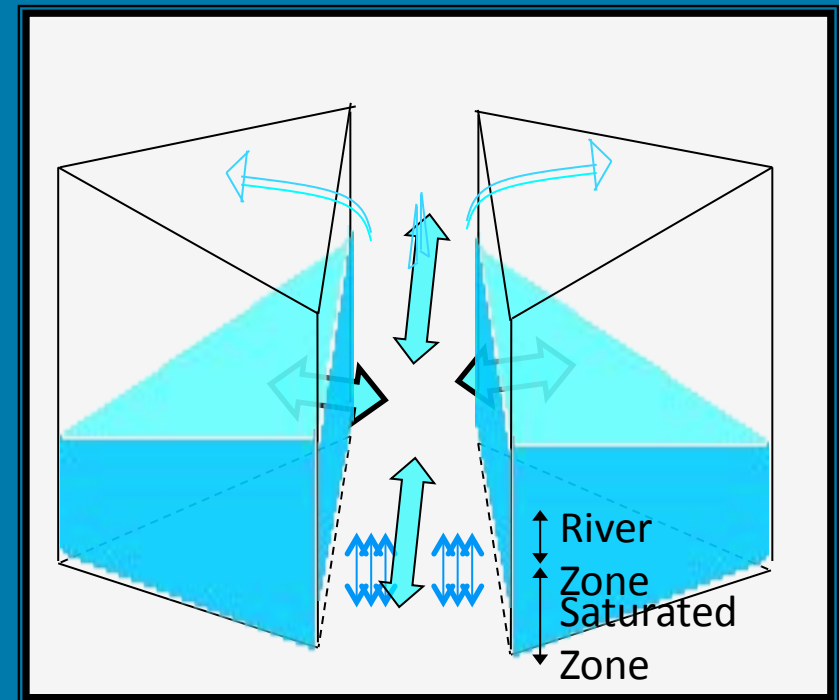


$$\frac{d\psi_5}{dt} = \vec{G}_3 - \vec{G}_2 - \vec{G}_7 + \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_5 + \|\vec{F}_3\|$$

Sub-Channel  
Aquifer



$$\frac{d\psi_6}{dt} = \vec{G}_2 + \vec{F}_4$$



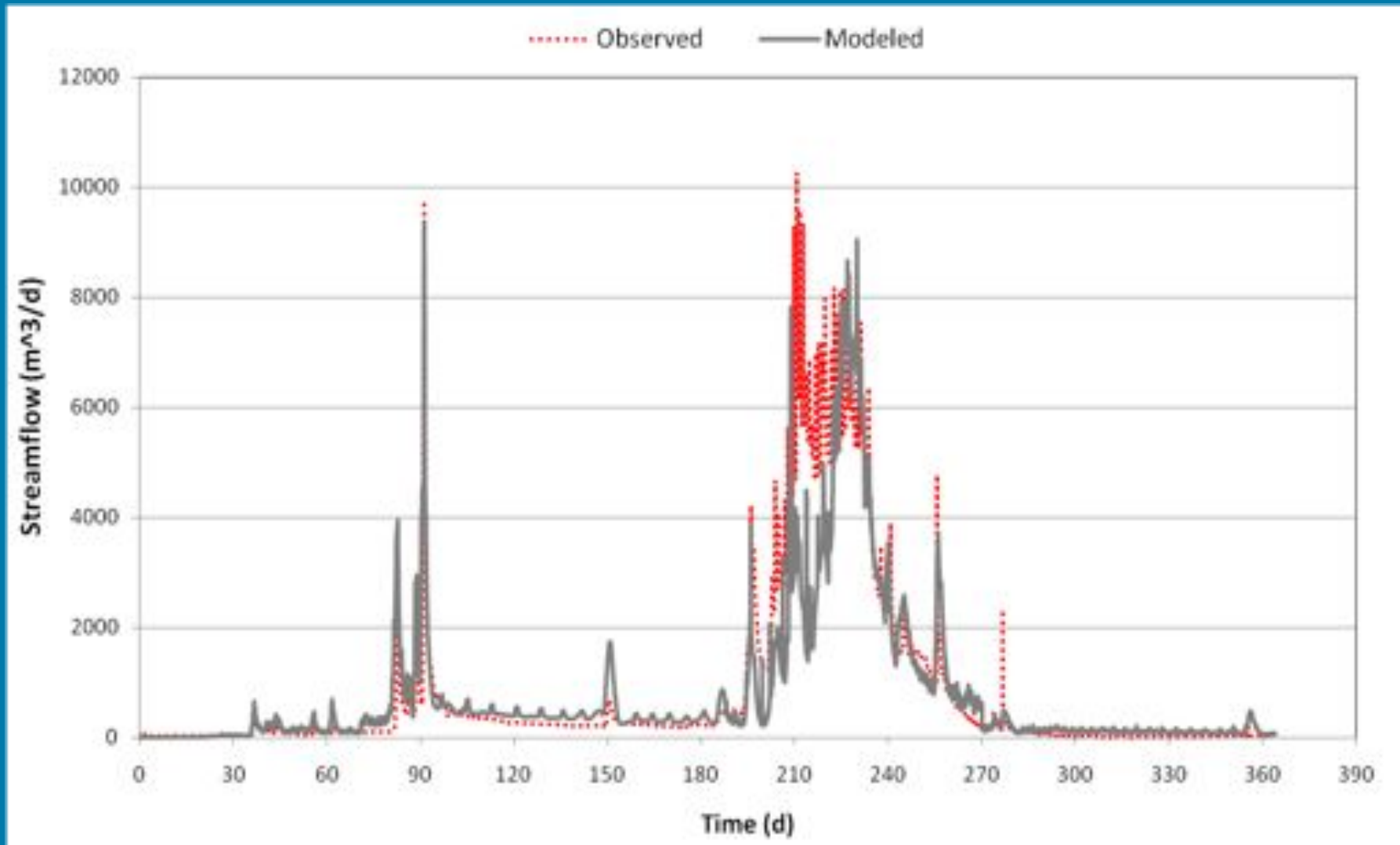
River Kernel

**1<sup>st</sup> Attempt:**  
**2006 Water Year - Soft-coupling between**  
**Isnobar & PIHM**

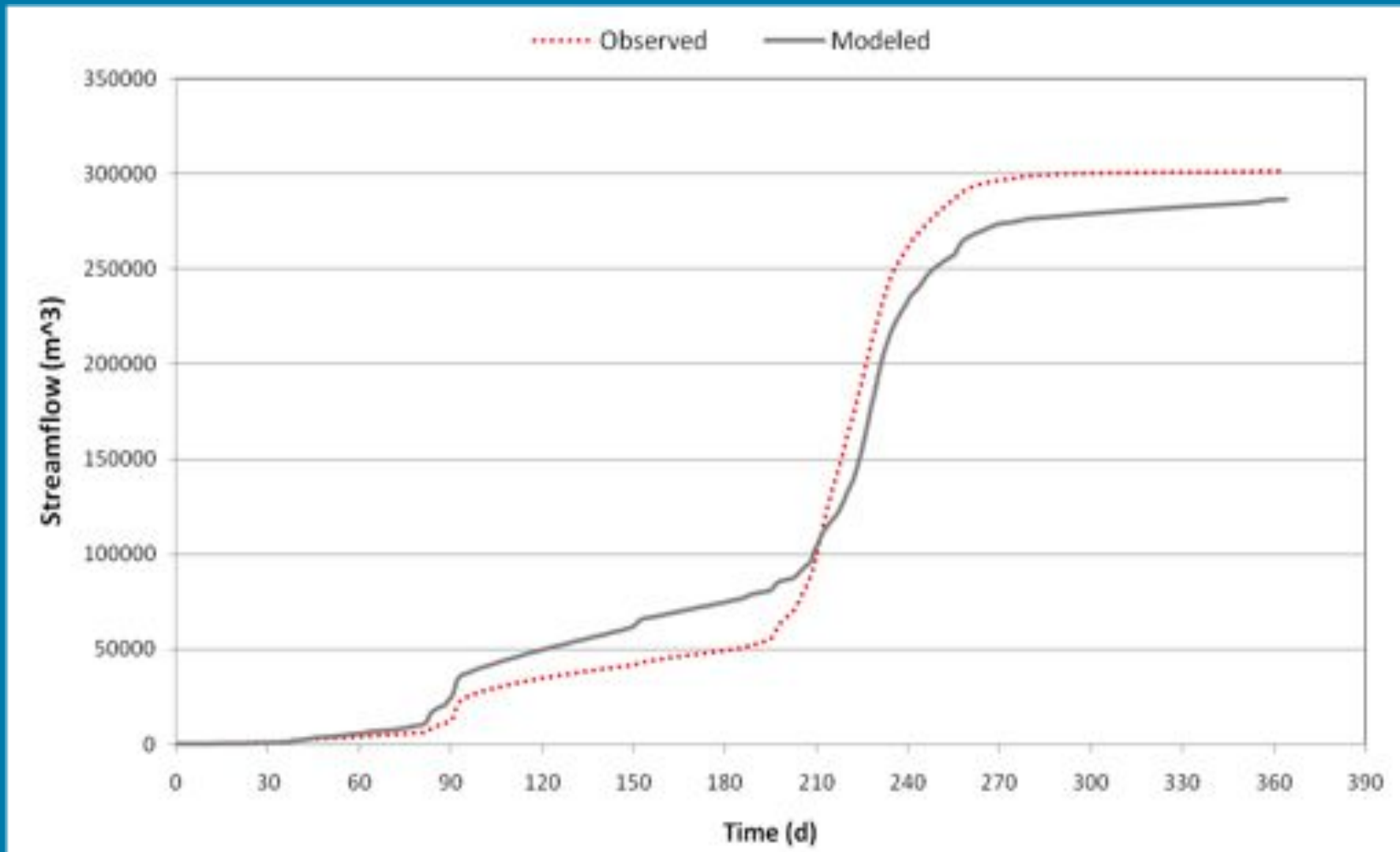
- **Mix of raster and unstructured grids**
- **1st detailed evaluation of ground-water data...**
- **No solid validation on soil moisture and groundwater**
- **Some validation on ET**



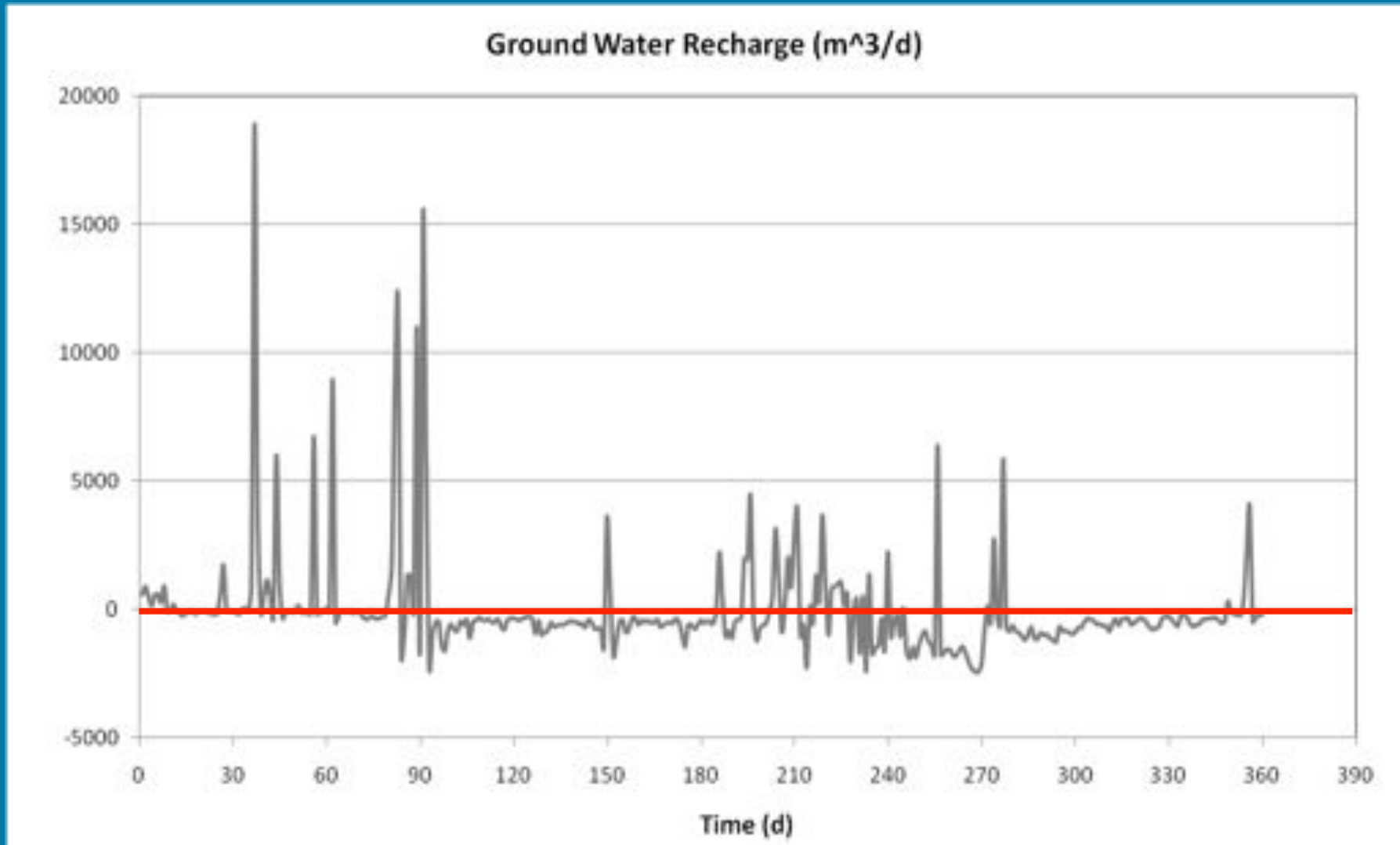
# Simulated and Measured Streamflow: 2006 Water Year



# Cumulative Simulated and Measured Streamflow: 2006 Water Year

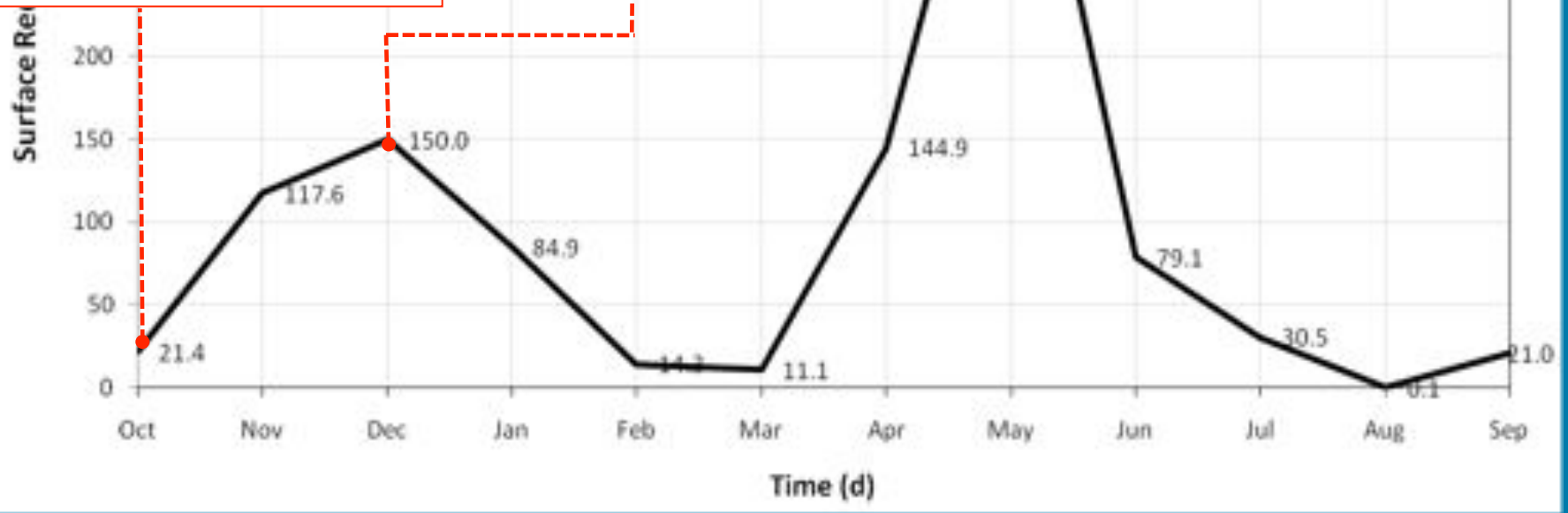
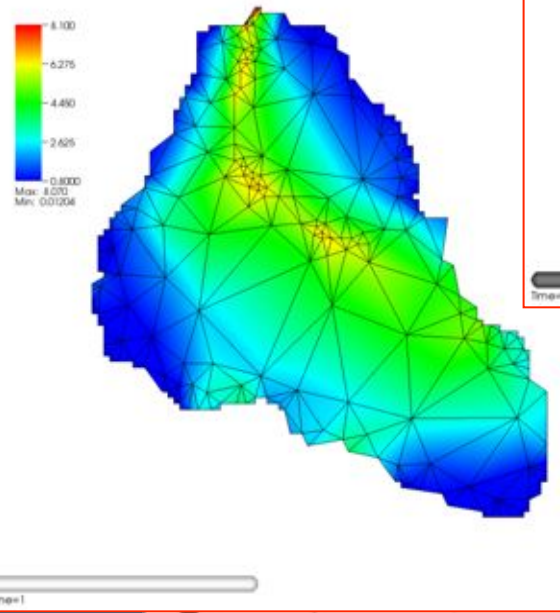
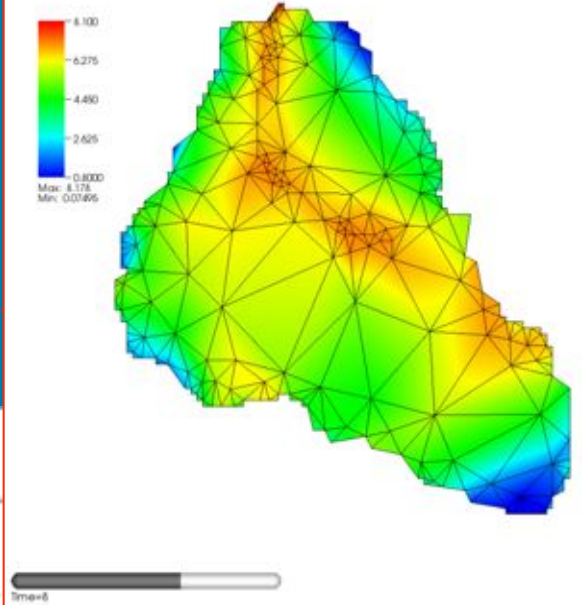
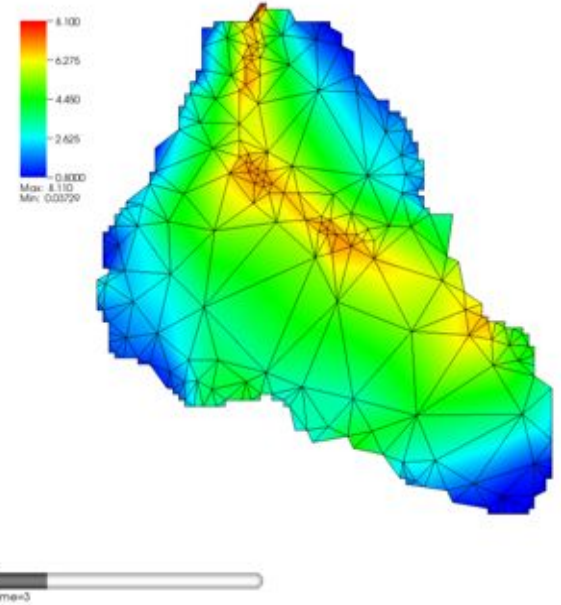


# Groundwater Recharge and Use 2006 Water Year

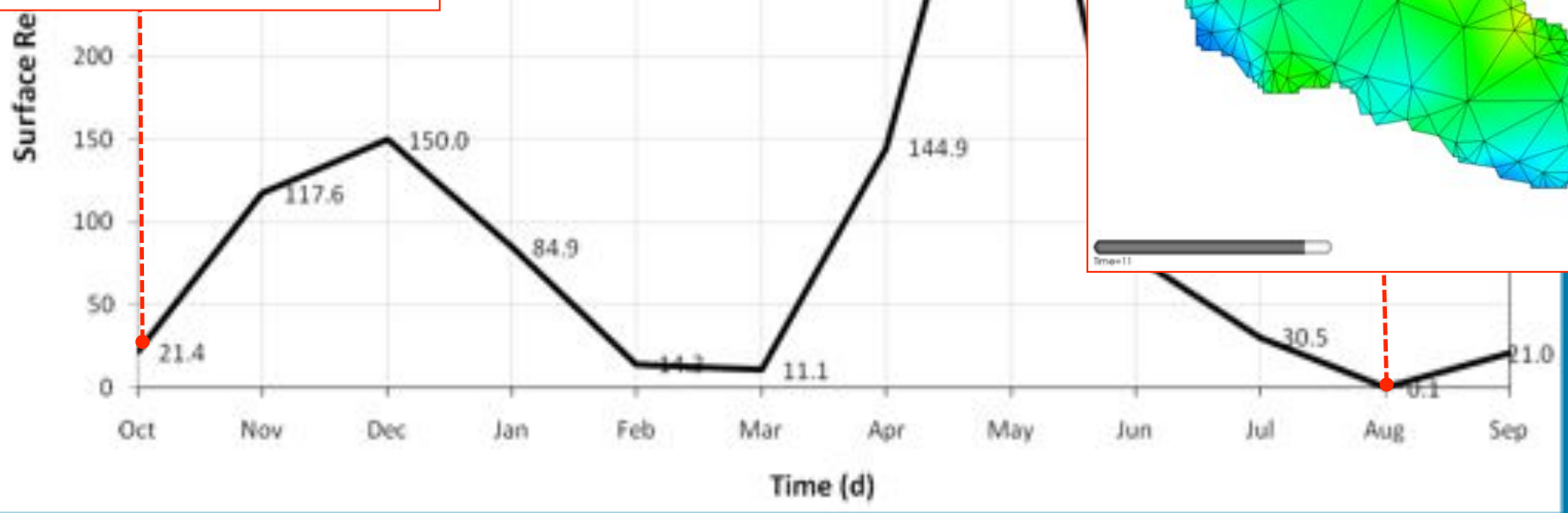
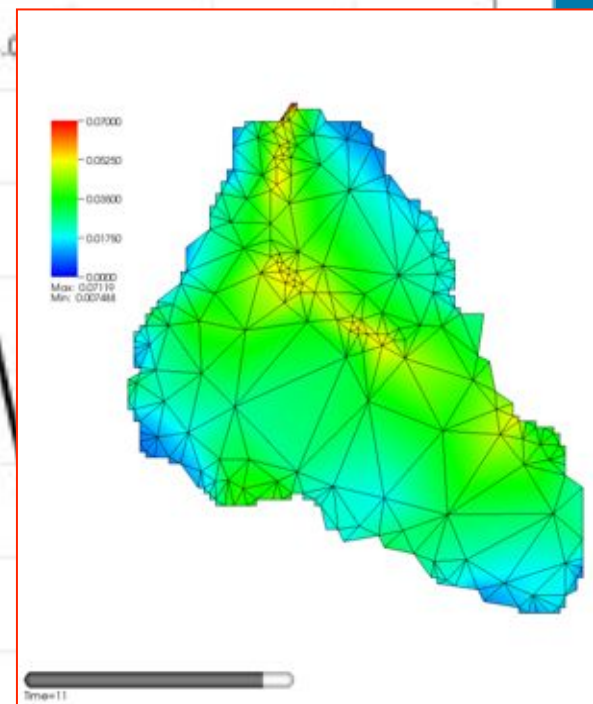
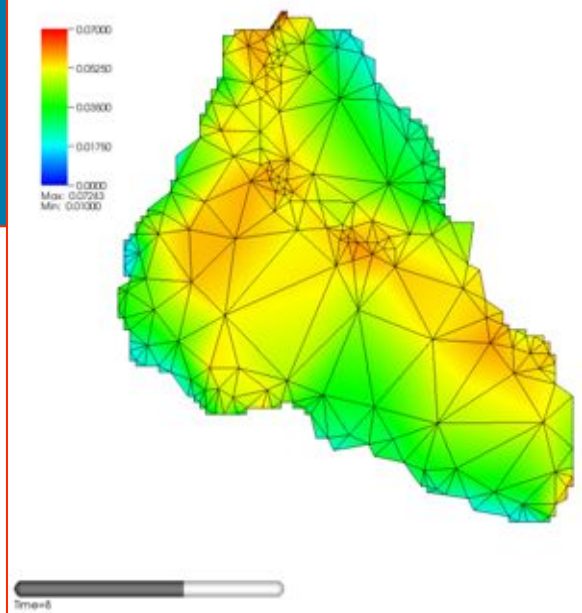
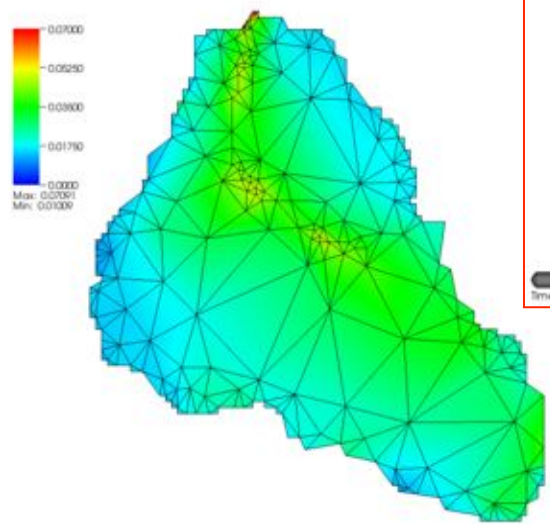




# Groundwater Head:

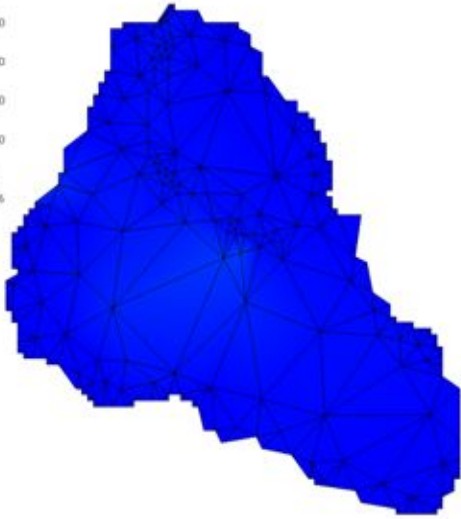


# Soil Moisture: 2006 Water Year



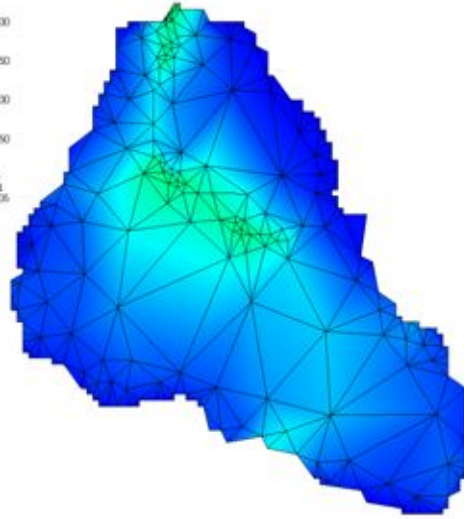
# Direct Evaporation

0.00000  
-0.006750  
-0.004000  
-0.002250  
-0.0000  
Max: 0.002156  
Min: 1.730e-05



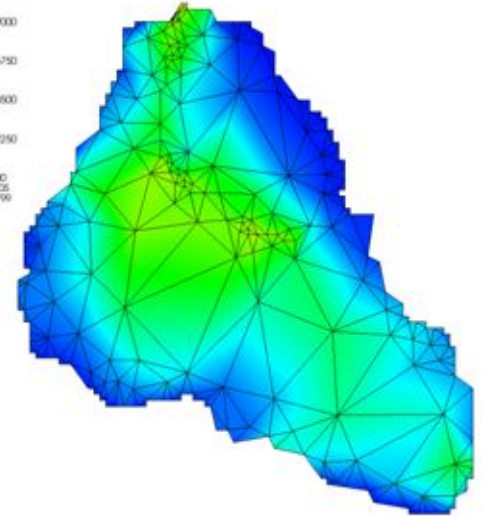
time=3

0.00000  
-0.006750  
-0.004000  
-0.002250  
-0.0000  
Max: 0.00454  
Min: 3.630e-05

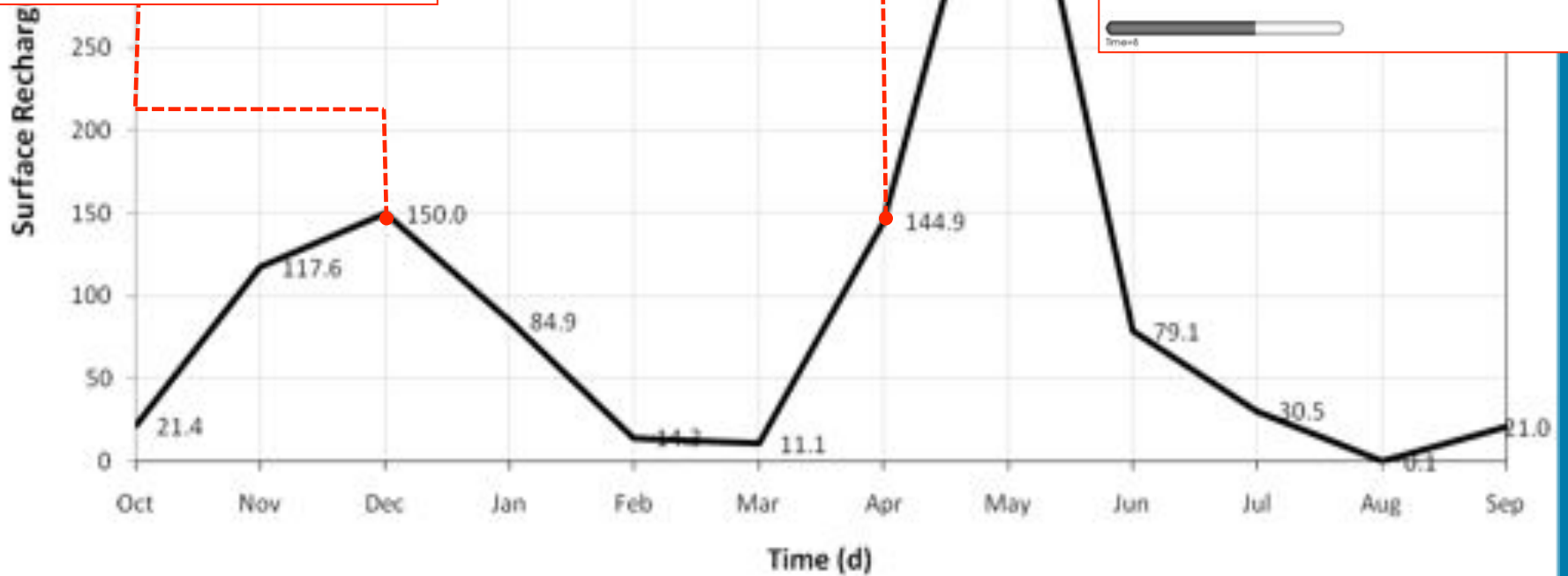


time=7

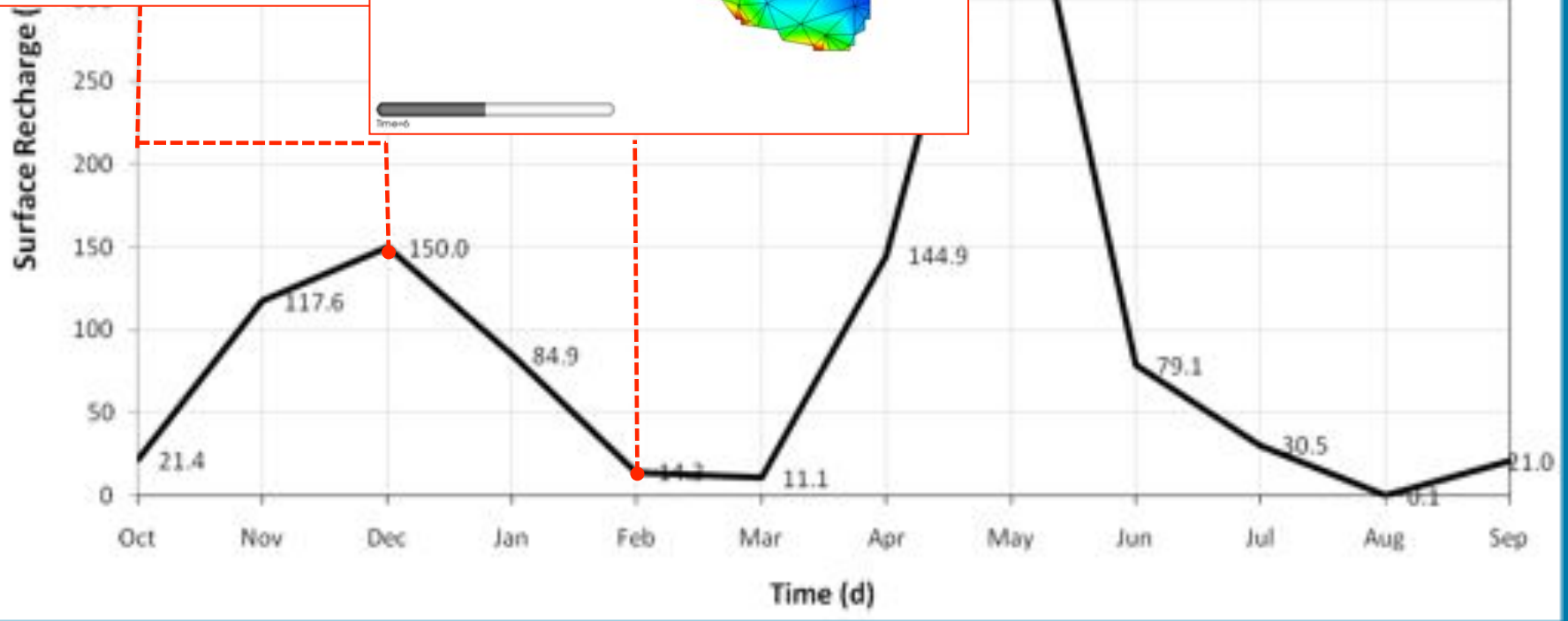
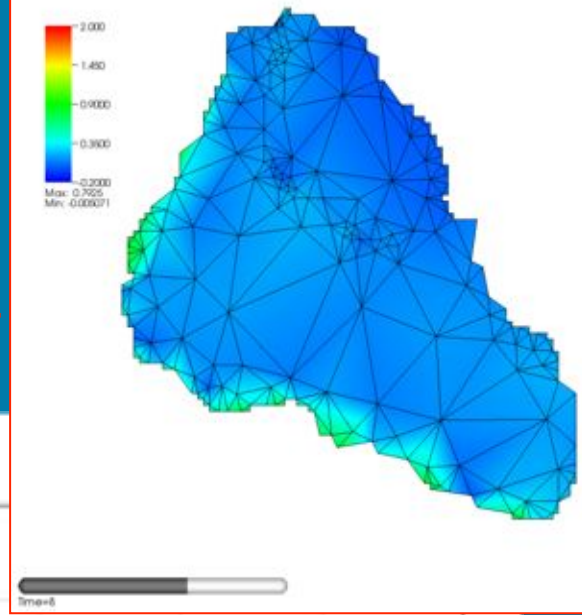
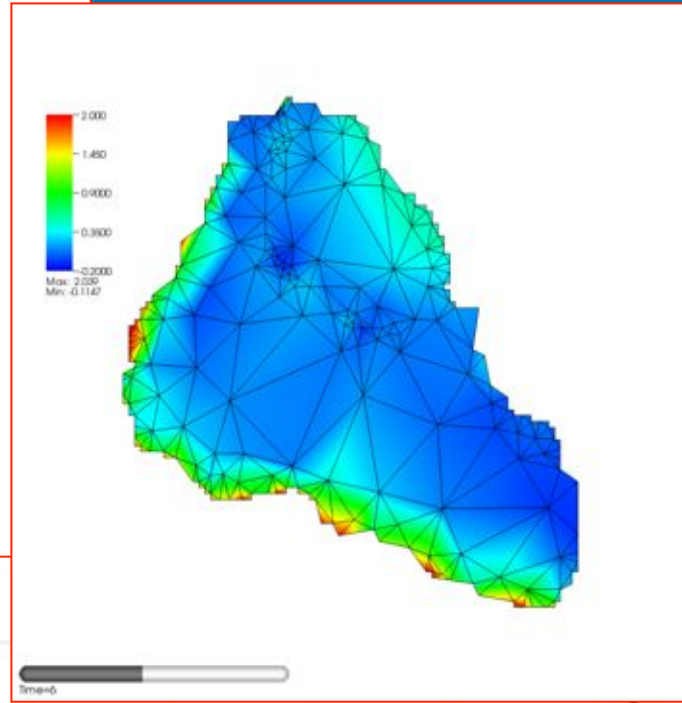
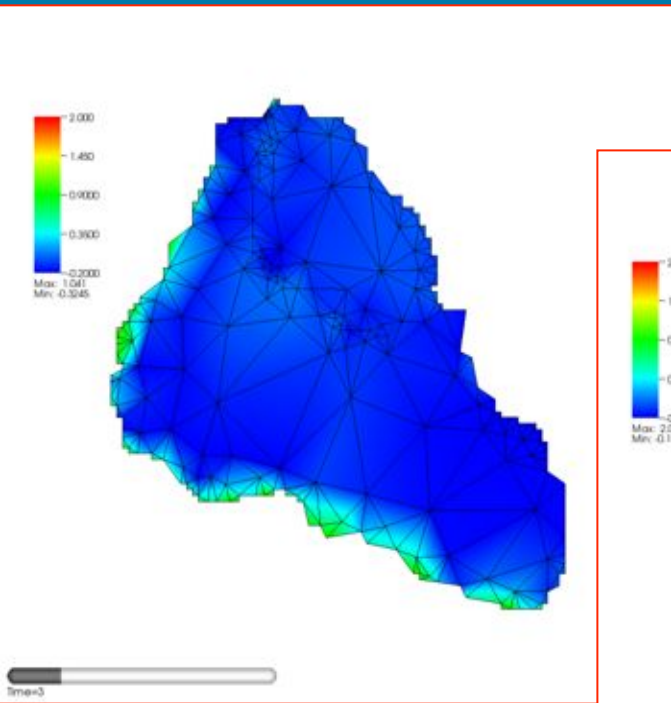
0.00000  
-0.006750  
-0.004000  
-0.002250  
-0.0000  
Max: 0.00485  
Min: 0.001759



time=8

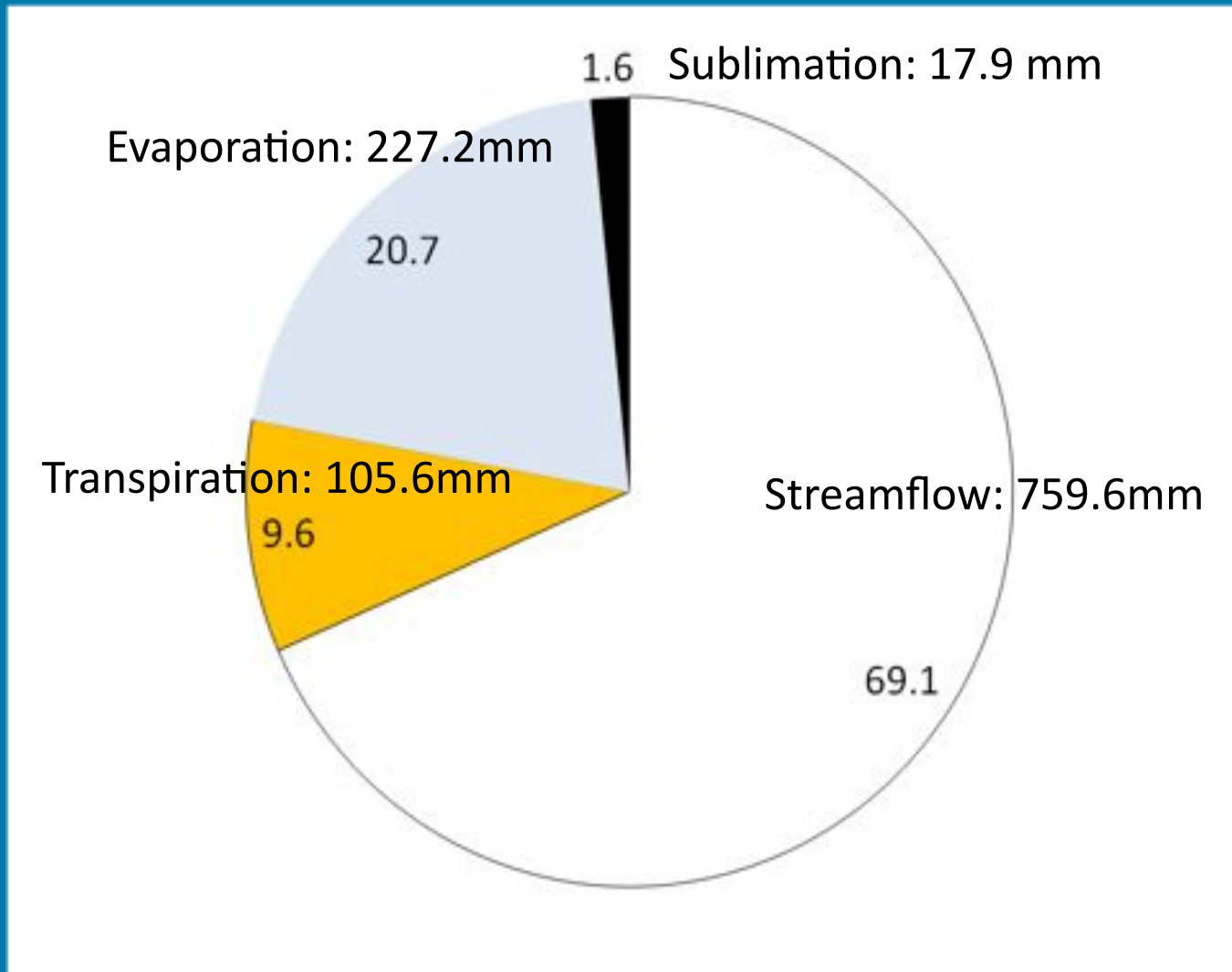


# Sublimation





# Water Balance: 2006 Water Year 1,148 mm precipitation



- **Not perfect, but a good start**
- **Just beginning to learn about below ground processes**
- **Need to sort out groundwater data & need multi-year simulations for storage**
- **Use the model to locate optimum measurement sites**
- **Need to work on numerical issues for fine-scale simulations**

